

# Draft Resolution

Sponsors: Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Chile, Germany, Japan, Mexico, Peru, Philippines, Republic of Korea, South Africa, Venezuela

*Recalling* that based on Article 2 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration, without distinction of any kind, such as race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status,

Drawing attention to Article 18 of the Declaration of Human Rights (religious freedom) especially paragraph 3 where it is stated that freedom of religion is limited by the law, public safety and freedom of others,

*Recognizing* every states sovereignty and political independence as stated in Article 2 paragraph 4 Charter of the United Nations,

*Fully aware* of every country's traditions and cultural believes,

*Alarmed by* the fact that many LGBTQ+ people get unequal treatment, such as unjust laws, medical abuse, denial of family rights and censorship, disadvantages in education,

*Noting with deep concern* the existential threat for LGBTQ+ people posed by radical Islamist ideology exemplified by the nightclub shooting in Orlando, Florida on June 12th, 2016, that killed 49 people and wounded 58 others,

*Disturbed by* the fact that still 76 countries around the globe still criminalize sexual activity between Lesbian Gay Bisexual Transgender (LGBTQ+) people,

1. *Encourages* tolerance and acceptance of the LGBTQ+ people;
2. *Stresses* the fight against discrimination in every aspect of life by:
  - a. calling for equal treatment for students of all sexual orientation in educational institutions,
  - b. ensuring that all people especially LGBTQ+ people are being treated equally in front of the judge and the law,
  - c. further asking for every human to be treated equal in labour market,
  - d. Encourages to establish counseling centres offering legal and psychological advice for LGBTQ+ people;
3. *Encourages* communication between governments, the LGBTQ+ community and religious leaders;

4. *Encourages* the access to health care for LGBTQ+ by:
  - a. discouraging the common thought that LGBTQ+ is linked to HIV,
  - b. promoting campaigns to raise awareness on health related issues between LGBTQ+ people,
  - c. deepening sex education in schools, including but not limited to the topic of gay relationships, as well as a giving out of free condoms,
  - d. discouraging the believe that homosexuality is a disease and needs to be cured;
5. *Encourages* to raise awareness of sexual, gender and bodily diversity and challenge negative stereotypes of LGBTQ+ and intersex people by:
  - a. establishing LGBTQ+ centers,
  - b. establishing counseling center in schools,
  - c. introducing campaigns;
6. *Emphasizes* the need for equal family rights:
  - a. encourages the legalisation of same-sex marriage or union between people of the same sex,
  - b. further recommends equal adoption rights;
7. *Encouraging* change of gender as a legal option, not only on paper/in passports but also through surgery while emphazising the fact that a gender change doesn't require medical changes;
8. *Stresses* the fact that LGBTQ+ people should have the same legal protection as heteronormative people including but not limited to:
  - a. deleting entries into the criminal register linked to homosexual activity as criminal act,
  - b. legalize the need for equal family rights, through granting LGBTQ+ couples access to in vitro fertilization,
  - c. Expressing its appreciation for LGBTQ+ activists and their freedom of speech;
9. *Preventing* hate crimes against LGBTQ+ people by informing the security forces about these kinds of crime and provide statistics about hate crimes against LGBTQ+ people;
10. *Calls upon* the legalization of same-sex sexual activity, as part of the freedoms granted to all human beings.